

**Weimar Germany Quiz**  
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Question	Answer
The First World War started in: Month: Year:	August 1914
In which month and year did the Kaiser abdicate, fleeing to Holland?	November 1918
The new German government after the Kaiser was accountable to the _____, which was a Parliament. The _____ was less important as it could not make laws, but could approve laws proposed by the Chancellor and President.	Reichstag Reichsrat
On 11th November 1918, the new German Chancellor accepted an A _____ on the basis of Woodrow Wilson's Fourteen Points.	Armistice
The Chancellor who signed the agreement to stop fighting on 11th November 1918 was called F _____ E _____	Friedrich Ebert
The first government met in Weimar rather than Berlin because: A) Berlin was too small B) Berlin was too dangerous C) Berlin did not have access to a functional port	Berlin was too dangerous
The first democratic elections in January 1919 resulted in a c _____ government.	Coalition
The largest Party in the first Weimar Government was the S _____ D _____ Party (SPD) with 163 seats.	Social Democratic Party.
The first Weimar Constitution was finalised in August _____	August 1919
The Constitution specified that the President could suspend the constitution in an emergency. This was Article _____	48
Article 22 of the Constitution specified that all men and women over the age of 20 could vote, in accordance with the principles of P _____ R _____	Proportional Representation
The 'Treaty of Versailles' included t _____, m _____ and financial terms, which the German's had to agree to and abide by.	Territorial Military
The Treaty of Versailles specified that reparations were fixed at GBP _____ billion.	6.6

The Treaty of Versailles specified that the German Army was limited to _____ men.	100,000
The Treaty of Versailles specified that all German C_____ were to be given to the Allied Powers.	Colonies
Many Germans subscribed to the belief that Versailles was a dictated peace, or '_____'	Diktat
Many Germans believed that the Army had been 's _____ in the _____' by politicians at the end of WW1, otherwise known as the 'Dolchstoss' theory.	Stabbed in the Back
In December 1918, the _____ League formed the German Communist Party.	Spartacist League
The uprising by the German Communist Party in January 1919 was led by Rosa _____ and Karl _____	Luxemborg Liebknecht
The uprising by the German Communist Party in January 1919 was defeated by a combination of the German Army (Reichswehr) and the F_____	Friekorps
A right wing rebellion known as the _____ Putsch took place in March 1920, seizing Berlin at one stage.	Kapp Putsch
In January 1923 French and Belgian troops occupied the _____ in response to German failure to pay reparations.	Ruhr
The main German tactic in response to the French and Belgian occupation in January 1923 was P_____ R_____	Passive Resistance
The German economy suffered a period of hyperinflation in the early 1920s. The German mark was worth: January 1920: GBP1 = _____ marks January 1922: GBP1 = 764 marks January 1923: GBP1 = 71,888 marks September 1923: GBP1 = _____ billion marks	January 1920 = 256 September 1923 = 3.9 billion
In the Summer of 1923, G_____ S_____ became Chancellor. He began to steady things and introduced a new currency, the Rentenmark.	Gustav Stresemann
The Dawes Plan was agreed in August _____ and named after the US vice-president.	August 1924
The Dawes Plan facilitated the loans of nearly US\$ _____ million to Germany throughout the 1920s.	\$3000 million

In 1924, the temporary currency known as the Rentenmark was replaced by the R_____, a new currency backed by gold reserves.	Reichsmark
In August 1924, a newly independent national bank, known as the R_____ was set up.	Reichsbank
Between 1923 and 1928 industrial output _____, passing pre-WW1 levels.	doubled
In 1929, the Allied Reparations committee asked US banker Owen Young to investigate the level of reparations payments. Young advised that reparations be reduced from GBP6.6 billion to _____ billion. The length of time Germany had to pay was extended to _____ years.	1,850 billion 59 years
The period _____ to 1929 saw greater political stability for the Weimar Republic, with broadly supported c_____ of mainstream parties in government and less support for extremist parties.	1924 coalitions
In 1925, H_____ was elected as President. This seemed to show that the old conservative order now accepted the Republic.	Hindenburg
In May 1924, the Nazis had 32 seats in the Reichstag. In the May 1928, this decreased to _____ seats, with the Nazis attracting just _____ % of the vote.	12 2.6%
In 1925, Germany signed the L_____ Pact, by which Germany agreed to keep the existing borders between Germany, Belgium and _____	Locarno Pact France
In September 1926, Germany was given a permanent seat on the Council of the L_____ of N_____. This confirmed Germany's return to _____ Power status and gained considerable prestige for Stresemann.	League of Nations Great
In 1928 Germany signed the K_____ - B_____ Pact along with _____ other nations. This agreed that the signatories would keep their armies for self-defence and solve international disputes by 'p_____ means'.	Kellog-Briand Pact 64 peaceful
In 1927, Allied troops withdrew from the west bank of the _____, five years before scheduled in 1933.	Rhine
The Constitution of the Weimar Republic enshrined gender equality for its citizens. By 1926, there were ____ women deputies in the Reichstag.	32
By 1933, there were __00,000 women teachers and __000 doctors.	100,000 3000
Between 1924 and 1928, German workers had an increase in real wages of over ____0%, meaning that Germany had some of the best paid workers in Europe.	10%

In April 1928 almost _____,000 middle-class workers were seeking employment and almost 50% of them did not qualify for unemployment relief from the state. While unemployment generally fell between 1924 and 1928, it remained high amongst those who worked in the pr _____, such as teachers and lawyers.	184,000 professions
Between 1924 and 1931 more than _____ million new homes were built. By 1929 the state was spending _____ times more housing than it had been in 1913. This considerably improved the quality of homes for many Germans.	2 33
In 19__ , the Weimar Republic introduced an unemployment insurance law, which required workers and employees to make contributions to a national scheme for unemployment welfare.	1927
Just before his death on 3 October 1929, Stresemann said that the economy was doing well only on the surface; he said that the German economy was 'D _____ on a V _____'.	Dancing on a Volcano
Most Weimar artists, such as Otto _____, artists tried to show everyday life. They wanted to be understood by ordinary people and to comment on society at the time. This new approach was named Neue Sachlichkeit, meaning 'N _____ O _____'.	Dix new objectivity
Architecture flourished during the Weimar Republic, especially the B _____, which means 'School of Building'.	Bauhaus
The Weimar period was a golden age for German cinema with its best known director Fritz Lang who produced the film M _____ . German actress M _____ D _____	Metropolis Marlene Dietrich
Writers on the political left and right were active during the Weimar years. On the political right, writers such as Arthur Moeller and Oswald S _____ glorified war and critiqued democracy. On the political left, Erich Remarque and Ludwig R _____ were very anti-war.	Oswald Spengler Ludwig Renn
New operas and plays emerged during the Weimar years. In Piscator's adaptation of Hasek's novel 'The Good Soldier Schweik', the hero delivers his criticisms of Germany as he sits in the _____.	toilet